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Attorney Docket No. VPI/02-118 US

# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Application No.:

10/809,946

Confirmation No.:

6414

Filing Date:

March 25, 2004

Examiner:

Deepak Rao

Group Art Unit:

1624

Applicants:

Guy Benchley et al.

For:

THIAZOLES USEFUL AS INHIBITORS OF PROTEIN

**KINASES** 

Mail Stop AF Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

# DECLARATION OF FRANCESCO G. SALITURO UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.132

- I, FRANCESCO G. SALITURO, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at 25 Baker Dr., Marlborough, MA (US), hereby declare that:
  - 1. I am one of the named inventors of the above-identified patent application.
- 2. I received a B.S. of Life Science at the University of Wisconsin in 1980. In 1984, I received a Ph.D. in Medicinal Chemistry from the University of Wisconsin. After receiving my Ph.D., I was a Post-Doctoral Research Associate at the University of Illinois from 1984 to 1986. From 1986 to 1993 I was a Senior Research Chemist and then a Senior Associate Scientist at Marion Merrell Dow Research Institute. In 1993, I joined Vertex Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (hereinafter "Vertex"). A copy of my curriculum vitae is attached as Exhibit B.

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3. From 2004 until present, I have been a Director of Medicinal Chemistry at Vertex. My work over the last 10 years has been devoted to the design and evaluation of protease and kinase inhibitors to treat human various human diseases, including rheumatoid arthritis, asthma, stroke, complications relating to organ transplantation, and cancer. I have co-authored 34 peer-reviewed papers and have been a co-inventor on 28 issued U.S. patents directed to small molecules useful in the treatment of human disease.

- 4. I am familiar with the August 10, 2006 and January 23, 2007 Office Actions in the above-identified application. I understand that, in the Examiner's view, claims 1, 7-19, 31-40, 43-44, and 46-47 of the present invention are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being obvious and therefore unpatentable over Cochran et al., International Application Publication No. WO 02/096905, (hereafter "Cochran"). Specifically, the Examiner states that the unsubstituted 4-(thiazol-2-yl)pyrimidine compounds taught by Cochran are structural homologs of the compounds of the invention where the thiazol-2-yl group is substituted by a methyl group. Therefore, the Examiner asserts that it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to prepare the compounds of the present invention because such structurally homologous compounds would be expected to possess similar properties.
- 5. Mast cell degranulation assays are recognized as a reliable indicator of how effectively compounds inhibit the release of histamine from mast cells, and thus is a metric of their potency for treating an allergic reaction. I make this declaration to provide experimental results that relate to the concentration required to inhibit the degranulation of mast cells *in vitro* by 50% (hereinafter "IC<sub>50</sub>") for certain compounds of the present invention. The thiazole compounds used for comparison were chosen such that the structures have identical substituents at the thiazole 2-position, but differ in the substituents at the thiazole 4- or 5-positions. The compounds taught by <u>Cochran</u> are unsubstituted at the 4- and 5-position, whereas the compounds of the invention have a methyl or hydroxymethyl substituent at the 4- or 5-position. Thus, the IC<sub>50</sub> data provided

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enables a head-to-head comparison of compounds taught by <u>Cochran</u> and closely-related compounds of the present invention. The IC<sub>50</sub> data demonstrate that the compounds of the present invention have enhanced activity against the degranulation of mast cells as compared to compounds taught by <u>Cochran</u>. See paragraphs 7 to 9 below.

6. The assays used to determine the IC<sub>50</sub> values provided herein were run according to the following protocol: RBL-2H3 cells were pretreated for one hour with a compound at different concentrations in a buffered solution or with a control (buffered solution without the compound). The cells were then co-stimulated with anti-dinitrophenyl (DNP) IgE f DNP-bovine serum albumin (BSA) for one hour. Beta hexosiminidase release was measured by substrate reaction with para-nitrophenyl-N-acetyl-beta-D-glucosaminide. Cell degranulation was measured spectrophotometrically for cells treated with the compound vs. those treated with the control.

Spectrophotometric results obtained from unstimulated cells were used as background and substracted. IC<sub>50</sub> values were generated using a 4-parameter curve fit in SoftMax Pro softward package.

- 7. I have attached hereto Exhibit A, providing IC<sub>50</sub> data for mast cells tested with selected compound species using the assay described above. These species include compound numbers I-109, I-144, I-146, I-82, I-83, and I-84 of the present invention (see Table 1 in the specification at pages 30-58) and Compounds A and B covered generically by formula I of Cochran (see the specification from page 7, line 8, to page 9, line 8).
- 8. Representative Compound A of Cochran (see Exhibit A) inhibited the degranulation of mast cells with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 0.48 μmol. By comparison, compound no. I-109 of the present application showed mast cell inhibitory activity with an IC<sub>50</sub> of 0.18 μmol. Furthermore, compounds I-144 and I-146 of the present invention showed mast cell inhibitory activities with an IC<sub>50</sub>'s of 0.16 μmol and 0.12 μmol, respectively. These data indicate that replacement of a hydrogen atom on the thiazole ring of the compounds

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taught by <u>Cochran</u> with a methyl or hydroxymethyl group results in compounds of the invention that are two to three times more potent in the inhibition of mast cell degranulation.

- 9. Similarly, representative Compound B of Cochran (see Exhibit A) inhibited the degranulation of mast cells with an  $IC_{50}$  of 0.49 µmol, while compound no. I-82 of the present application showed mast cell inhibitory activity with an  $IC_{50}$  of 0.22 µmol. In addition, compounds I-83 and I-84 of the present invention showed mast cell inhibitory activities with an  $IC_{50}$ 's of 0.08 µmol and 0.16 µmol, respectively. These data indicate that replacement of a hydrogen atom on the thiazole ring of the compounds taught by Cochran with a methyl or hydroxymethyl group results in compounds of the invention that are at least two to three times more potent in the inhibition of mast cell degranulation.
- 10. I declare further that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made herein on information and belief are believed to be true; and further, that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001, Title 18, United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of this application and any patent issuing thereon.

Signed this 6th of March, 2007 At Cambridge, MA, USA.

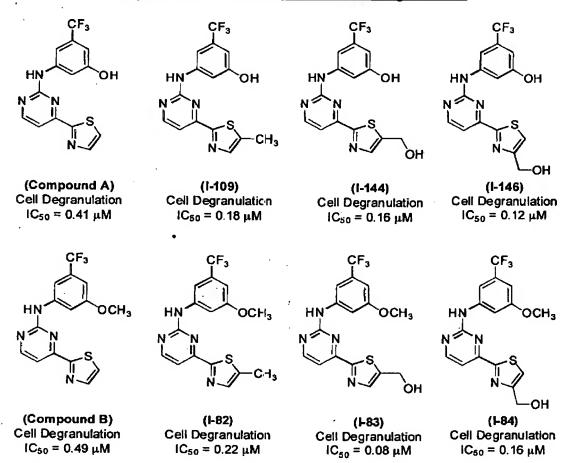
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# Exhibit A

# IC<sub>50</sub> Values for the Inhibition of Mast Cell Degranulation



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## Exhibit B

# Curriculum Vitae of Francesco G. Salituro

#### **EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE:**

#### Present

# Director, Medicinal Chemistry Vertex Pharmaceuticals

- Position re-titled in Q4/04 to Director of Medicinal Chemistry, overseeing approximately 1/3 of Vertex Chemistry Department
- Manage drug discovery efforts in kinase research, 13 Vertex chemists (7 Ph.D. and 6 MS) and 4 external chemists
- Identifying and managing outsource collaborations
- Program strategic planning, prioritization and resource allocation
- · Recruiting, hiring, staffing
- Cost center budget responsibilities

#### 2001-2004

# Principal Investigator Vertex Pharmaceuticals

- Promoted to Principal Investigator in early 2001
- Continued Project Leader for SAPK kinase program and subsequently, two additional kinase programs, towards developing pharmacoutical agents for stroke, transplantation, asthma and cancer
- Coordinated a multi-disciplinary Matrix team (15-20 scientists)
- Lead programs from early phase discovery through animal pharmacology and pre-clinical toxicology
- Involved with early business development activities
- Co-responsibility as Chemistry Team Leader overseeing activities for 10 chemists
- Recruiting and hiring responsibilities

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1997-2001

# Senior Staff Investigator Vertex Pharmaceuticals

- Chemistry team leader in p38 Map Kinase project leading to the discovery of a clinical candidate for Rheumatoid Arthritis, VX-745, in addition to a second generation series class which resulted in a second clinical candidate VX-702. Managed internal and external chemistry team of 10+ chemists
- Promoted to Project Leader for SAPK Kinase program in 1998 (matrix team of 15-20)
- Involved with early business development activities for developing potential partnerships for SAPK
- Recruiting and hiring responsibilities

1993-1997

## Staff Scientist

# **Vertex Pharmaceuticals**

- Hired as Staff Scientist in September 1993
- Chemistry Group Leader for HIV Protease 2nd generation project (through September1996) and for p38 Map Kinase project (1996-1998). Supervised chemistry groups consisting of 7 internal members, (Ph.D. and non-Ph.D.) and coordinated chemistry research collaborations with corporate partners on both HIV and P38 programs (total chemistry group members ranged from 7-12).
- Involved with early business development activities for developing corporate partnerships in both HIV and p38.
- Recruiting and hiring responsibilities.

1990 - 1993

Sr. Associate Scientist

Marion Merrell Dow Research Institute

Primary responsibilities from 1986-1993: Bench chemist supervising one Masters level chemist.

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Research focus on the design and synthesis of

NMDA Glycine Site Antagonists.

1992

**Department Safety Representative** 

1988 - 1991

Assistant Safety Representative

Department of Discovery Chemistry

1986 - 1989

Sr. Research Chemist I

Merrell Dove Research Institute

1984 - 1986

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, Champaign-

Urbana,

Post-Doctoral Research Associate with

Professor

John A. Katzenellenbogen. Synthesis of [125]iodota-moxifen aziridine, a non-steroidal, anti-estrogenic affinity label and radiolabel for the estrogen receptor. Synthesis of haloenol lactone

inhibitors of elastase.

1980 - 1984

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-Madison;

Madison, Wisconsin.

Ph.D. (Medicinal Chemistry); October, 1984. Dissertation research, under the direction of Professor Daniel H. Rich, involved synthetic and kinetic studies of pepstatin analogs as potent, selective appartulations in hibitage.

selective aspartyl protease inhibitors.

1982 - 1983

Served as substitute lecturer for an undergraduate

Medicinal Chemistry course at the University of

Wisconsin-Madison.

1976 - 1980

**UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-Parkside:** 

Kenosha, Wisconsin.

B.S. (Life Science), Magna Cum Laude, 1980.

Undergraduate research (1978-1980) in

Bioorganic Chemistry under Professor Bruce R. Branchini. participated in a project aimed at the synthesis, development and kinetic analysis of chemiluminescent substrates for serine proteases.

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#### **PUBLICATIONS:**

- 1. "Highly Sensitive Assays for Proteinases Using Immobilized Luminogenic Substrates," B.R. Branchini, F.G. Salituro, J.D. Hermes, and N.J. Post, <u>Biochem, Biophys, Res. Commun.</u>, 97, 334.(1980).
- "Sensitive Enzyme Assays Based on the Production of Chemiluminescent Leaving Groups," B.R. Branchini, J.D. Hermes, F.G. Salituro, N.J. Post, and G. Claeson, <u>Anal. Biochem.</u>, <u>111</u>, 87 (1981).
- "Conformational Flexibility in the Active Sites of Aspartyl Proteinases Revealed by a Pepstatin Fragment Binding to Penicillopepsin," M.N.G. James, A. Sielecki, F.G. Salituro, D.H. Rich, and T. Hofmann, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 72, 6137 (1982).
- 4. "Synthesis of Analogs of Pepstarin. Effect of Structure in Subsites P<sub>1</sub>, P<sub>2</sub>, and P<sub>2</sub> on Inhibition of Porcine Pepsin," D.H. Rich, F.G. Salituro, J. Med. Chem., 26, 904 (1983).
- 5. "Design of Protease Inhibitors." D.H. Rich, F.G. Salituro, and M.W. Holladay in "Peptides: Structure and Function. Proc. Eighth American Peptide Symposium," V. Hruby and D.H. Rich (eds.), Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford, [L, p. 511.
- 6. "Design and Discovery of Aspartyl Proteasee Inhibitors. Mechanism and Clinical Implications," D.H. Rich, F.G. Salituro, and M.W. Holladay, in "Drug Design Based on Peptide and Nucleic Acid Conformational Structure," J. Vida (ed.), Academic Press, N.Y., N.Y., pp. 213-237.
- 7. "Inhibition of Aspartyl Proteases by Me<sup>3</sup>Sta Derivatives of Pepstatin. Evidence for a Collected-Substrate Mechanism of Enzyme Inhibition," D.H. Rich, M.S. Bernatowicz, N.S. Agarwal, M. Kawai, F.G. Salituro, and P.D. Schmidt, Biochemistry, 24, 3165 (1985).
- 8. "Identification of Oxygen Nuclec philes in Tetrahedral Intermediates:

  <sup>2</sup>H and <sup>18</sup>O Induced Isotope Shifts in <sup>13</sup>C NMR Spectra of Pepsin-Bound Peptide Ketone Pseudosubstrates," P.G. Schmidt, M.W.

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Holladay, F.G. Salituro, and D.H. Rich, <u>Biochem. Biophys. Res.</u> Comm., 129, 597 (1985).

- 9. "Pepsin-Catalyzed Addition of Water to a Ketomethylene Peptide Isostere. Observation of the Tetrahedral Species by <sup>13</sup>C NMR," M.W. Holladay, F.G. Salituro, P.G. Schmidt, and D.H. Rich, <u>Biochemical Society Transactions</u>, 13, 1046, 1985.
- "Inhibition of Aspartic Proteinases by Lysine and Ornithine Side chain Analogs of Statine," F.G. Salituro, N.A. Agarwal, T. Hofmann, D.H. Rich, J. Med. Chem., 30, 286 (1987).
- 11. "Synthetic and Porcine Pepsin Inhibition Studies of Pepstatin Aanlogs Containing Ketomethylene and Hydroxyethylene Dipeptide isosteres," M.W. Holladay, F.G. Salituro, D.H. Rich, J. Med. Chem., 30, 374 (1987).
- 12. "[125]]Iododesythyl Tamoxifen Aziridine: Synthesis and Covalent Labeling of the Estrogen Receptor with an Iodine-Labeled Affinity Label," F.G. Salituro, K.E. Carlson, J.F. Elliston, B.S. Katzenellenbogen, and J.A. Katezenellenbogen, Steroids, 48 (5-6), 287 (1986).
- 13. "Facile Synthesis of L-kynurenine," F.G. Salituro, I.A. McDonald, J. Org. Chem., 53, 6138 (1988).
- 14. "3-(2-Carboxyindol-3-yl) propionic Acid Derivatives: Antagonists of the Strychnine-Insensitive Glycine Receptor Associated with the NMDA Receptor Complex." F.G. Salituro, B.L. Harrison, B.M. Baron, P.L. Nyce, K.T. Stewart, [.A. McDonald, J. Med. Chem. 33, 2944-2946 (1990).
- 15. "Activity of 5,7-Dichlorokynurenic Acid, a Potent Antagonist at the NMDA Receptor-Associated Glycine Binding Site." B.L. Baron, B.L. Harrison, F.P. Miller, I.A. McDonald, F.G. Salituro, C.J. Schmidt, S.M. Sorensen, H.S. White, M.G. Palfreyman, Mol. Pharmacol., 38, 554-561 (1990).
- 16. "Design, Synthesis and Molecular Modeling of 3-Acylamino-2-Carboxyindole NMDA Receptor Glycine-Site Antagonists." F.G. Salituro, R.C. Tomlinson, B.M. Baron, D.A. Demeter, H.J.R.

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Weintraub and I.A. McDonald, <u>BioMed. Chem. Lett.</u>, <u>1</u>, 455-460 (1991).

- "3-(2-Carboxyindol-3-yl)Propicnic Acid-Based Antagonists of the NMDA Receptor Associated Glycine Site." F.G. Salituro, B.L. Harrison, B.M. Baron, P.L. Nyce, K.T. Stewart, J.H. Kehne, H.S. White and I.A. McDonald, J. Med. Chem., 35, 1792-1799 (1992).
- 18. "Potent Indole- and Quinoline-Containing N-Methyl-D-Aspartate Antagonists Acting at the Strychnine-Insensitive Glycine Binding Site." B.M. Baron, B.L. Harrison, I.A. McDonald, B.S. Meldrum, M.G. Palfreyman, F.G. Salituro, S.W. Siegel, A.L. Slone, J.P. Turner and H.S. White, J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther., 262, 947-956 (1992).
- 19. "The Design of NMDA Receptor Glycine-Site Antagonists," F.G. Salituro, I.A. McDonald, B.L. Harrison, <u>Drug News and Perspectives</u>, 6 215-223 (1993).
- 20. "Enzyme-Activated Antagonists of the Strychnine Insensitive, Glycine/NMDA Receptor," F.G. Salituro, R.C. Tomlinson, M.G. Palfreyman, I.A. McDonald, W.Schmidt, H.Q. Wu, P. Guidetti, R. Schwarcz, J. Med. Chem., 37, 334-336 (1994)
- 21. "Design and Pharmacological Evaluation of Highly Selective Glycine Anagonists," B.B. Baron, J.H. Kehne, S.M. Sorensen, B.L. Harrison, F.G. Salituro, H.S. White,in Direct and Allosteric Control of Glutamete Receptors; CRC Press, 1994 p 105-117.
- 22. "Multisubstrate Inhibition of 4-Hydroxybenzoate 3-Monooxygenase," F.G. Salituro, D.D. Demeter, H.J.R. Weintraub, B.J. Lippert, R.J. Resvick, I.A. McDonald, J. Med. Chem., 37, 4076-4078 (1994).
- 23. "MDL 100,458 and MDL 102,288: Two potent and Selective Glycine Antgonists With Different Functional Profiles," J.H. Kehne, B.B. Baron, B.L. Harrison, T.C. McCluskey, M.G. Palfreyman, M. Poirot, F.G. Salituro, B.W. Siegel, A.L. Slone, P. van Giersbergen, H.S. White, Eur. J. Pharmacol., 284, 109-118 (1995)
- 24. "Pharmacological Characterization of MDL 105,519, an NMDA receptor glycine site antagonist" B.M.Baron, B.L. Harrison, J.H. Kehne, C.J. Schmidt, P. van Giersbergen, H.S. White, B.W. Siegel, Y.

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Senyah, T.C. McCloskey, G.M. Fadayel, V. L. Taylor, M. K. Murawsky, P. Nyce and F.G. Salituro, <u>Eur J Pharmacol.</u>, Apr 4;323(2-3):181-92 (1997).

- 25. "Depletion of Estrogen Receptor in Human Breast Tumor Cells by a Novel Substituted Indole that does not Bind to the Hormone Binding Domain" A.J. Bitonti, J.A. Dumont, F.G. Salituro, I.A. McDonald, E.T. Jarvi, L.M. Frey, P.S. Wright, R.J. Baumann, J. Steroid Biochem. Molec. Biol., 58, 21-20 (1996).
- 26. "Enzyme-catalyzed production of the neuroprotective NMDA receptor antagonist 7- chlorokynurenic acid in the rat brain in vivo." Wu HQ, Salituro FG, Schwarcz R., Eur J Pharmacol. 1997 Jan 14;319(1):13-20
- 27. "Pharmacological characterization of MDL 105,519, an NMDA receptor glycine site antagonist." Baron BM, Harrison BL, Kehne JH, Schmidt CJ, van Giersbergen PL, White HS, Siegel BW, Senyah Y, McCloskey TC, Fadayel GM, Taylor VL, Murawsky MK, Nyce P, Salituro FG. Eur J Pharmacol. 1997 Apr 4;323(2-3):181-92.
- 28. "Design, synthesis, and conformational analysis of a novel series of HIV protease inhibitors." Baker CT, Salituro FG, Court JJ, Deininger DD, Kim EE, Li B, Novak PM, Rao BG, Pazhanisamy S, Schairer WC, Tung RD. D, Bioorg Med Chem Lett. 1998 Dec 15;8(24):3631-6.
- "Design and synthesis of novel conformationally restricted HIV protease inhibitors." Salituro FG, Baker CT, Court JJ, Deininger DD, Kim EE, Li B, Novak PM, Rao BG, Pazhanisamy S, Porter MD, Schairer WC, Tung RD., <u>Bioorg Med Chem Lett.</u> 1998 Dec 15;8(24):3637-42.
- 30. "Inhibitors of p38 MAP kinase: therapeutic intervention in cytokine-mediated diseases." Salituro FG, Germann UA, Wilson KP, Bemis GW, Fox T, Su MS. Curr Med Chem. 1999 Sep;6(9):807-23.
- 31. "Novel inhibitors of HIV protease: design, synthesis and biological evaluation of picomolar inhibitors containing cyclic P1/P2 scaffolds." Spaltenstein A, Almond MR, Bock WJ, Cleary DG, Furfine ES,

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Hazen RJ, Kazmierski WM, Salituro FG, Tung RD, Wright LL. Bioorg Med Chem Lett. 2000 Jun 5;10(11):1159-62.

- 32. "Structure, synthesis, and biological activity of VX-745: A novel, orally bioavailable and selective p38 MAP kinase inhibitor" Francesco G. Salituro, Guy W. Bemis, Ursula A.Germann, John P. Duffy, Vincent P. Galullo, Edmund M. Harrington, S. Pazhanisamy, Pamela J. Ford, Karyn L. Cepek, Yow-Ming C. Wang, Steven F. Bellon, George Ku, Keith P. Wilson, Michael S.-S Su. Actualité de Chimie therapeutique, 2002, 28th series, pp173-189.
- 33. "Kinase chemogenomics: targeting the human kinome for target validation and drug discovery" ter Haar E, Walters WP, Pazanisamy S, TaslimiP, Pierce AC, Bemis GW, Salituro FG, Harbeson SL. Mini Rev Med Chem. 2004 Mar; 4(3):235-53.
- 34. "The c-Jun N-terminal kinases regulate re-reactivation of Akt and cardiomyocyte survival after ischemic injury Zhili Shao Kausik, Bhattachary, Susmita Bhattacharya, Eileen Hsich, Syed Haq, Larry Park, Isaac Pourati, Brian Walters, Yow-Ming Wang, Ramon Mohanlal, Keisuke Kuida, Mark Namchuk, Francesco Salituro, Megan Yac Wei-min Hou, Xin Chen, Mark Aronowitz, Thomas Force, Heiko Kilter. Circ Res. 2006 jan 6; 98(1): 111-18.

## **U.S. PATENTS:**

- 1. 7,115,637 Inhibitors of p38
- 2. 6,800,626 Inhibitors of p38
- 6,693,108 Inhibitors of c-JUN N terminal kinases (JNK) and other protein kinases
- 4. 6,689,778 Inhibitors of Src and Lck protein kinases
- 5. 6,635,644 Inhibitors of p38
- 6. 6,632,945 Inhibitors of p38
- 7. 6,608,060 Inhibitors of p38
- 8. 6,528,508 Inhibitors of p38

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- 9. 6,509,363 Heterocyclic inhibitors of p38
- 10. 6,147,080 Inhibitors of p38
- 11. 6,127,372 Sulfonamide inhibitors of aspartyl protease
- 12. 6,093,742 Inhibitors of p38
- 13. 5,945,418 Inhibitors of p38
- 14. 5,945,413 Aspartyl protease inhibitors
- 15. 5,883,252 Aspartyl protease inhibitors
- 16. 5,877,202 Indole derivatives useful to treat estrogen-related neoplasms and disorders
- 17. 5,703,107 3-aminoindolyl derivatives
- 18. 5,675,018 3-amidoindolyl derivatives
- 19. 5,547,991 NMDA antagonism method
- 20. 5,519,048 3-(indol-3-yl)-propenoic acid derivatives and pharmaceutical compositions thereof
- 21. 5,491,153 3-amidoindolyl derivative
- 22. 5,484,814 NMDA antagonists
- 23. 5,470,870 NMDA antagonists
- 24. 5,360,814 NMDA antagonists
- 25. 5,189,054 3-amidoindolyl derivatives and pharmaceutical compositions thereof
- 26. 5,106,847 Excitatory amino acid antagonists, compositions and use
- 27. 5,051,442 3-indolyl thioacetate derivatives and NMDA receptor antagonistic use thereof

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Application No.:

28. 4,960,786 Excitatory amino acid antagonists